

AC-Item No-





Rayat Shikshan Sanstha's KARMAVEER BHAURAO PATIL COLLEGE VASHI (AUTONOMOUS COLLEGE)

Sector-15- A, Vashi, Navi Mumbai - 400 703

Program: Medical Imaging Technology.

Course: S.Y.B.Sc. Medical Imaging Technology

(National Education Policy-2020, Grading and SemesterSystem with effect from the academic year 2023-42024)

Rayat Shikshan Sanstha's

Karmaveer Bhaurao Patil College Vashi Autonomous College Syllabus

Sr. No.	Heading	Particulars
1	Title of Course	S.Y.B.Sc. Medical ImagingTechnology
2	Eligibility for Admission	12th Science and equivalent [of recognized Boards]
3	Passing Marks	40%
4	Ordinances/Regulations (if any)	
5	No. of Years/Semesters	One year/Two semester
6	Level	U.G.
7	Pattern	Semester
8	Status	Revised
9	To be implemented from Academic year	2024-2025

Preamble

<u>Imaging technology</u> is the branch or speciality of medicine that deals with the study and application of imaging technology to diagnose and treat the disease, the basic aim is to provide students with knowledge and training that will enable them to work in various lab & Hospital settings.

Educational Pedagogy:

The course design is based on NEP2023 guidelines where learner is given a choice to have vertical mobility while pursuing this program. His annualized credits earned will be banked to allow his subsequent year's enrollment. The 4 year degree program is designed as —

- 1st year BSc with Certification in X-ray tech
- 2nd Year BSc with Adv X-ray & CT in Medical Imaging Technology &
- 3rd Year BSc is with Degree in Medical Imaging Technology including MRI Technologist.
- 4th Year BSC is with Bachelor's Hons in Medical Imaging Technology.

The pedagogical design is based on the core objective of making students job ready and hence a lot of focus is given in learner's engagement through Industry based skilling in Hospitals.

As anyone who seeks admission in this program comes from a non-healthcare background, the course starts with a platform setting training to make learner understand the typicality and Dos and Don'ts of Healthcare Organizations.

Industry interface is divided into 3 phases of learning as –

- Observership Objective is to see what is being taught in the class room through clinical sessions on the subject.
- On The Job Training Objective is to learn the job skills by working with someone.
- Internship Working independently, but under supervision as per defined job role.

Considering that the program needs to empower job readiness of learners, a lot of focus is kept in active engaging Life Skills workshops. These cover topics like Self Awareness, Objective setting, Team Work, Leadership Development, Time Management, Communication Skills, Interpersonal abilities etc. Program also focuses in creating a better path for students to pursue their higher education opportunities in healthcare sector. As such special skill enhancing modules like Basic Life Support, Patient care techniques, Hospital Administration and Public Health etc. are included in the curriculum. This will help learners to get into PG programs like Masters in Hospital Management or Masters in Hospital Administration or Masters in Public Health.

As regards to the Core expertise of the program on Imaging Technology, key subjects that get covered are –

X-Ray

X-ray technologist responsible for Using x-ray equipment to take radiographic images of patients' bones, tissues, and organs as per physicians' written orders.

Explaining x-ray procedures to patients and answering their questions. Working closely with the resident Radiologist to determine whether further tests are required.

Maintaining an accurate record of completed x-ray procedures

CT Technology

CT technologists take diagnostic images of patients' internal structures using computerized tomography equipment. They ensure that patients are correctly positioned and closely monitored during CT scans.

MRI

A non-invasive imaging technology used to investigate anatomy and function of the body in both health and disease without the use of damaging ionizing radiation. It is often used for disease detection, diagnosis, and treatment monitoring. It is based on sophisticated technology that excites and detects changes in protons found in the water that makes up living tissues.

An MRI technologist operates a magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) scanner to create several cross-sectional images of an area of a patient's body. These are combined to create a 3D image, which is used as a diagnostic tool. The technologist, explains the procedure and places the patient in a specific position. For some scans, the technician administers a contrast dye intravenously to improve the quality of the image. (The dye is used to see vascularity in masses or tumours.).

Interventional Radiology

In interventional radiology (also called IR), doctors use medical imaging to guide minimally invasive surgical procedures that diagnose, treat, and cure many kinds of conditions. Imaging modalities used include fluoroscopy, MRI, CT, and ultrasound

Bone mineral density (BMD) is defined as the amount of mineral (calcium hydroxyapatite) per unit of bone and can be used as an indirect indicator of bone strength. The bone mineral density is used to determine if osteopenia or osteoporosis are present.

Mammography

Screening mammography is a specific type of breast imaging that uses low-dose x-rays to detect cancer early – before women experience symptoms – when it is most treatable.

Fluoroscopy is an imaging modality that allows real-time x-ray viewing of a patient with high temporal resolution. It is based on an x-ray image intensifier coupled to a still/video camera. In recent years flat panel detectors (which are similar to the digital radiography used in projection radiography) have been replacing the image intensifiers.

Key Objectives of this program:

- To implement NEP 2020 through this Vocational Skills development program
- Learners will inculcate right attitude, skills and knowledge to do the job role of Medical Imaging Technologist as required by the industry.
- Program will also empower learners' abilities to pursue higher education in medical industry

After completing this program, learner will exhibit following skills and knowledge as Medical Imaging Technologist:

- Demonstrate knowledge about the healthcare sector and diagnostic services
- Demonstrate the ability to perform clinical skills essential in providing basic diagnostic services such as Correctly perform, position & scan the patient.
- Demonstrate quality assurance in Imaging works
- Practice infection control measures
- Demonstrate readily availability of medical and diagnostic supplies
- Demonstrate techniques to maintain the personal hygiene needs
- Demonstrate actions in the event of medical and facility emergencies
- Work as a medical Imaging professional with right attitude in any lab setting Additionally, he will be developing following allied skills and knowledge through this program:
- CPR
- Care giver
- Basics on Hospital management
- Good communicator & allied health professional

Scheme of examination for Each Semester

Continuous Internal Evaluation: 40 Marks

Common Test 20 Marks & 20 Marks for Assignment, Projects, Group discussion, Openbook test, online test etc. based on Units of each paper.

Semester End Examination: 60 Marks will be as follows –

	Theory: The Semester End Examination for theory course work will beconducted as				
	per the following scheme. Each theory paper shall be of two hours duration.				
I. All questions are compulsory and will have internal options.					
	Q – I	Subjective questions from Unit – I (having into	ernal options.) 15 M		
	Q – II	Subjective questions from Unit – II (having int	ternal options.) 15 M		
	Q – III	Subjective questions from Unit – III (having in	nternal options.)15 M		
	Q- IV	Objective type questions based on all the Units with equalweightage. 15 M			
II.	Practical	The Semester End Examination for practical course workwill be conducted as per the following scheme.			
Sr. No.	Particulars of Semester End Practical Examination Marks%				
1	Laboratory Work 80%				
2	Journal	10%			
3	Viva 10%				
	TOTAL		100		

Program Outcomes (POs)

PO-1	Disciplinary Knowledge: Understanding different modalities and their functions in Medical imaging technology like X-ray, CT scan, MRI, Fluoroscopy, Interventional radiology, ECG through on the job training and internships in the hospitals.
PO-2	Communication Skills: Develop various communication skills such as reading, listening and speaking skills etc., which we will help in expressing ideas and views clearly and effectively.
PO-3	Critical Thinking: Think creatively to propose novel ideas in explaining the scientific data, facts and figures related to science and technology.
PO-4	Analytical Reasoning and Problem Solving: Identify, describe, formulate, interpret, analyze the data systematically and solve theoretical and numerical problems in the diverse areas of science and technology and provide alternate solutions to the problems.
PO-5	Sense of Inquiry: Curious for asking relevant questions like why and how for better understanding of the basic concepts, fundamental principles, scientific theories and applications related to the study.
PO-6	Use of Modern Tools: Use of modern tools, equipment, instrumentation and laboratory techniques to design and perform the experiments and write the programs in different languages (software).
PO-7	Research Skills: Ability to search for, find, collect, analyze, interpret and evaluate information/data that is relevant to the subjects related to science and technology being studied.
PO-8	Application of Knowledge: Develop scientific outlook with respect to the subjects related to science and technology and also participate in various social and cultural activities.

PO-9	Ethical Awareness: Imbibe ethical and social values in personal and social life leading to cultured and civilized personality.
PO-10	Teamwork: Work effectively within the groups and individuals, participate and take initiative for various field-based situations related to science, technology and society at large.
PO-11	Environment and Sustainability: Understand how development in science and technology and interdisciplinary subjects are taking place for protecting our environment and sustainable developments.
PO-12	Lifelong Learning: Ability of self-driven to explore, learn and gain knowledge and new skills to improve the quality of life and sense of self-worth by paying attention to the ideas and goals throughout the life.

^{*}Note: [1] Remembering, [2] Understanding, [3] Applying, [4] Analyzing, [5] Evaluating, 6] Creating.

Name of the Specific Program: B.Sc. Medical Imaging Technology (MIT) Program Specific Outcomes (PSO)

At the end of four year program students will understand and be able to

PSO-1	Understanding different branches and their functions of medical Imaging like X-ray, CT, MRI, Fluoroscopy, ECG through on the job training and internships in hospitals.
PSO-2	Demonstrate knowledge using right positioning techniques & perform radiographic procedures of specified imaging modality such as X-ray, CT, MRI technology ensuring safety of patients and personnel involved.
PSO-3	Identify and analyse artifacts related to various Imaging domains of clinically relevant procedure of the patients & maintain quality of the images also determine right exposure factors to achieve optimum radiographic procedures consistent with minimizing dose to patients.
PSO-4	Understand and apply principles of radiation protection for the patient, technologist, and others and recognize their technologist role in the health care system and function effectively in a multidisciplinary health care team.
PSO-5	Learning the advancement & modifications of high-resolution technology in the Imaging set up, their upkeep and error minimization.
PSO-6	Practice effective written communication skills for creating & analyzing medical imaging reports.
PSO-7	Employ effective communication practices to provide sufficient information effectively to the patient about the imaging options available, purpose of the procedure, benefits, possible adverse consequences, and limitations
PSO-8	Developing a professional Imaging technologist through various ability enhancement programs on communication skills, life skills, field visits and personality development workshops.
PSO-9	Understanding the larger scope of medical profession and creating an opportunity for higher education in hospital management domain and overseas work opportunities.
PSO-10	Develop ability to understand the structure and development methodologies of software systems and demonstrating the use of various modern technical tools like table styles, shapes, charts, graphs, data tools and solve basic and logical-mathematical problems and statistics & learn to create error free documents using excel,word & power-point.

Course Outcome (CO)			
Course Code	Name of the Course	Course outcomes	
		CO1 . Students will be able to apply radiation dose reduction techniques for pediatric and adult patients [2 & 3*]	
UGMITC301A	CT TECHNOLOGY-1	CO2 . Students will be able to Discuss the role and the ethical considerations of the CT technologist in reducing radiation dose including technical factor selection, positioning, and shielding. [2*]	
		CO3 .Students will use CT equipment to obtain diagnostic quality imaging.[1 & 3*]	
		CO1 .Students will be able to prepare & position patient according to different study.[2*]	
UGMITC301B	PATIENT POSITIONING & PROTOCOLS -1	CO2. Students will demonstrate ability to communicate with patients[3*]	
		CO3 .Students will be able to identify and correct positional errors and technical error[4*]	
		CO1 . Students will be able to differentiate major anatomical regions in the transverse, coronal and sagittal plane[2*]	
UGMITC302	CROSS SECTIONAL ANATOMY	CO2 . Identify major anatomical structures of the head, neck, thorax, abdomen, pelvis, spine and extremities on cross-sectional images[3*]	
		CO3. identify pathology demonstrated within cross-sectional images[2*]	
		CO1. To draft emails effectively, to learn being assertive at workplace, to develop reading and comprehension skills through Book Analysis project. [2*]	
UGMITGE303	SOFT SKILLS	CO2 . To make them emotionally balanced, thereby enhancing their decision making and problem solving skills.[2 & 3*]	
		CO3 . To make them set their short and long term aims, to utilize time effectively and to make them research about the common challenges at work station and come up with solutions, by researching and brainstorming.[2 & 4*]	
LICARTECTOR	BASIC TECHNIQUES	CO1 . Students learn about the organization and the different functions of management [2*]	
UGMITSEC304	IN HOSPITAL MANAGEMENT	CO2 Hospital planning and administration: Students learn to manage the hospital's planning and administration [2 & 3*]	

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		CO3 . Demonstrating the necessary knowledge skill and competencies
		required managing the related areas within the hospital [3 & 4*]
		CO1 : Understand the navigation of the Ribbon Interface in MS word, excel [2*]
		CO2 : Perform basic editing functions, formatting text, copying, and
UGMITAEC305	MS-OFFICE-1	moving objects and text in MS word, excel [3 & 4*]
		CO3: Create charts, graphs, and tables [1& 3*]
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
		CO1.Students will be able to construct multiplanar reformation of
		data to obtain diagnostic quality images[2 & 3*]
	CT T50111010010	CO2 . Study the principles of image formation, including the basic
UGMITC401A	CT TECHNOLOGY-2	principles and the components equipment of CT technology[1 & 3*]
		CO3.: Develop problem-solving skills and the ability to apply physics
		principles to a realworld situation.[2 & 3*]
		CO1.Students will learn General preparation care and techniques,
	PATIENT	CO2. Understand the principles of image processing and how to
UGMITC401B	POSITIONING &	adjust exposure factors to optimize image quality.[2*]
	PROTOCOLS -2	CO3. Students will be train with good clinical skill related to CT
		imaging techniques which leads to entrepreneurial qualities and
		•
	DIAGNOSTIC	
UGMITC402		
	DISEASES	·
		the specimen represents[4*]
	DATIFALT CARE	CO1. Ability to know patient health and disease conditions [2*]
UGMITGE403		
	TECHNIQUES	CO3. Ability to heal the ailing patient [2*]
		CO1. Understand the importance of human resource Management. Design
		relevant appraisal methods for employee compensation, rewards and
		benefits. Organize training and development activities to enhance the
		knowledge.[2*]
	ADVANCE	CO2 Emphilosophia condidate to a describe of the color of the color
UGMITSEC404	HOSPITAL	
	MANAGEMENT	, ,
		resources of a fleatificate [2 & +]
		CO3. Improve hospital efficiency. Develop, implement, measures hospital
		performance. Enhance hospital quality culture and professionalism.
		Includes case-based learning, relevant scientific literature [2 & 3*]
LICANTACCAOC	MS OFFICE 2	CO1.Understand the navigation of the Ribbon Interface in MS excel &
UGIVII IAEC4U5	IVIS OFFICE-2	PPT [2*]
UGMITC402 UGMITGE403	POSITIONING & PROTOCOLS -2 DIAGNOSTIC INVESTIGATION & DISEASES PATIENT CARE TECHNIQUES ADVANCE HOSPITAL	After care and Risk.[1 & 3*] CO2.Understand the principles of image processing and how to adjust exposure factors to optimize image quality.[2*] CO3. Students will be train with good clinical skill related to CT imaging techniques which leads to entrepreneurial qualities and employability. [2 & 4*] CO1.Student will be able to correlate the cross sectional anatomy to radiological images seen on CT[2*] CO2.Student should be able to explain how the anatomy changes when different sections of the same system are taken and correlate to the placement in the body.[2 & 3*] CO3.Student will be able to interpret which system of the body does the specimen represents[4*] CO1. Ability to know patient health and disease conditions [2*] CO2. Ability to take nursing care of patient in OPD and IPD[2 & 3*] CO3. Ability to heal the ailing patient [2*] CO1.Understand the importance of human resource Management. Design relevant appraisal methods for employee compensation, rewards and benefits. Organize training and development activities to enhance the knowledge.[2*] CO2. Enables the candidate to understand how the cost of material. Increase the profitability with effective and efficient utilization of available resources of a healthcare [2 & 4*] CO3. Improve hospital efficiency. Develop, implement, measures hospital performance. Enhance hospital quality culture and professionalism. Includes case-based learning, relevant scientific literature [2 & 3*] CO1.Understand the navigation of the Ribbon Interface in MS excel &

	CO2. Perform basic editing functions, formatting text, copying, and moving objects and text in MS excel & PPT[2 & 3*] CO3.Create charts, graphs, and tables [1 & 3*]
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Course Outcome (CO) Practical				
Course Code	Name of the Course	Course outcomes		
UGMITCP301 A	Computed Tomography Technology - 1	CO1: Describing various generations of CT & understanding the difference between them.CO2: Identify various CT Equipment & Note their functions.CO3: Applying ALARA Concept in CT Department		
UGMITCP301B	Patient positioning & protocols 1	CO1: Demonstrating positioning for CT scan of Head & neck region & patient preparation & pre & post scan instructions. CO2: Demonstrating positioning for CT scan of Chest & Spine region & patient preparation & pre & post scan instructions. CO3: Demonstrating positioning for CT scan of Abdomen region & patient preparation & pre & post scan instructions.		
UGMITCP302	Cross sectional Anatomy Coa: Identify & note the functions of Head & neck region coa: Identify & note the functions of thorax & muscular skeletal system of upper extremity. coa: Identify & note the functions of Lower extremity & reproductive system.			
UGMITCP401A	CT Technology 2	CO1: Develop skills in image analysis. CO2: Understanding different types of contrast & uses of it CO3: Clinical Integration & Interpretation of various types of CT Reports of head, neck, face, trunk, chest, upper extremity & lower extremity		
UGMITCP401B	Patient positioning & protocols 2	 CO1: Demonstrating positioning for CT scan of upper & lower extremity region & patient preparation & pre & post scan instructions. CO2: Demonstrating positioning for CT scan of reproductive region & patient preparation & pre & post scan instructions. CO3: Demonstrating positioning for CT guided procedures region & patient preparation & pre & post scan instructions. . 		

UGMITCP402	Diagnostic Investigation & diseases	CO1: Identify various ECG Equipment & note their functions CO2: Identify various USG Equipment & note their functions CO3: Understanding the difference between communicable & non – communicable diseases through various charts & presentations [Acute & chronic]

S.Y.BSc. Medical Imaging Technology: SEM III

THEORY] Course Code	Unit	Topics	Credits	L/week
UGMITC301A	1	Introduction to CT technology	3	3
	II	Components of Computed Tomography	1	5
	III	Radiation Safety	-	
PAPER -2 P	ATIENT F	POSITIONING & PROTOCOLS-1[MAJOR THEORY]		
IGMITC301B	1	Patient Positioning of Head, Neck & Thorax Region	-	
	II	Patient Positioning of Spine & musculoskeletal Region	3	3
	Ш	Patient Positioning of Abdomen & Pelvis Region		
Paper 3	: [UGMI	T302]: CROSS SECTIONAL ANATOMY [MINOR THEORY]	1
UGMITC302	I	Cross sectional anatomy of Head & Neck	3	3
	II	Cross sectional anatomy of Thorax and Musculoskeletal system of Upper extremity		
	III	Cross sectional anatomy of Lower extremity & Reproductive System		
	Paper	4: [UGMITGE-303]: SOFT SKILLS [GE THEORY]		
UGMITGE303	I	Assertive communication & Book analysis	2	2
	II	Emotional Quotient		
	П	Self-Leadership Skills		
Рарс	er 5 [UGI	MITSEC304]: BASIC TECHNIQUES IN HOSPITAL MANA [SEC THEORY]	GEMENT	
UGMITSEC304	I	Principles of Hospital Management	2	2
	П	Structure and Services of Hospital		
	III	Clinical and Non-clinical Services in Hospital		
	PA	APER 6 [UGMITAEC305]: MS OFFICE-1[AEC THEORY]		
IGMITAEC305	1	Introduction to MS office	2	2
	П	Introduction to Excel		
	Ш	Introduction to Power-point		
	1	Semester 3 Practical	1	1
UGMITCP301A	MAJOR	CT technology equipment & functions	1	1
UGMITCP301B	MAJOR		1	1
UGMITCP302	MINOR		1	1

	INTERNSHIP		
CT technology E	xpertise	2	2

Semester 3
S.Y..BSc. Medical Imaging Technology

Paper-1				
Course	Title	Credits		
Code				
UGMITC301	CT TECHNOLOGY & POSITIONING-1	3		
	[MAJOR THEORY]			
Unit I	Introduction to CT Technology			
	 Definition Evolution of terms, Research contributors 			
	Radon 2. Hounsfield 3. Ambrose 4. Cormack			
	Historical events 1. 1917 2. 1967 3. 1970 4. 1971 5. 1973 6.			
	1974 7. 1989			
	• Computed Tomography Generations 1. First 2. Second 3.			
	Third 4. Fourth 5. Fifth 6.Helical & MultiSlice Compted			
	Tomography			
	 Emerging technology & innovation 			
	Characteristics of X-radiation Sources			
	Natural, Artificial			
	 Electromagnetic radiation - Ionization, Interactions with 			
	matter Compton effect ,Photoelectric effect ,Wave			
	particle duality Reflection/transmission			
	,Absorption/attenuation			
Unit II	COMPONENTS OF CT			
	 CT Scanner Components and Operations , Radiographic 			
	tube , Filters, Collimators, Detectors, Data acquisition			
	system, Computer and array processor.			
	 Pixel, Matrix, Voxel, x, y, z coordinates ,Scan field of view 	,		
	(sfov) ,Display field of view (dfov) , Linear attenuation			
	coefficient,CT/Hounsfield number,Partial volume			
	averaging , Window width (ww) and window level (wl)			
	 Spatial resolution-Contrast resolution m. Noise n 			
	Aliasing, Digital imaging , Annotation , Scanogram , Region o			
	interest (ROI) ,Standard vs. volumetric data acquisition			
	Half-scan, full-scan, overscan ,interscan delay, Rays and			
	viewsConsoles H. Monitors and archival devices.			

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UNIT III	RADIATION SAFETY	
	As Low As Reasonably Achievable(ALARA concept)	
	Basic radiation protection techniques & Application o	†
	techniques to Patient, Self & Others	
	 Time, distance and shielding 	
	 Technical factor selection 	
	Equipment maintenance	
	 CT "Spot Radiation Exposure Reduction Devices "for 	
	Thyroid, Genitals, Eyes	
COURSE	TITLE	CREDITS
CODE	Paper-2	
UGMITC301	B PATIENT POSITIONING & PROTOCOLS-1	3
Unit I	HEAD & NECK	
O I II I	 Indications & Contraindications for each protocol 	
	Indications for contrast media` Types of contrast media	·
	Contraindications for contrast media, Informed consen	
	requirements, Patient preparation and post-procedure	
	instructions	
	 Protocol parameters-Range, Azimuth, Anatomica 	
	landmarks Patient orientation, Patient position, Scou	
	image parameters, Scan field of view, Display field of view	
	Marile Alexilles Cools and Tark Sal fortax alexila	
	Mode, Algorithm , Gantry angle, Technical factor selection Range Table indexing 7 axis selection. Window level	
	Range, Table indexing, Z-axis selection, Window level Window width, Matrix size, Image annotation parameter.	5
	,Imaging planes, Spiral/helical application, Filming format	
	Image archiving ,Identification of pathology , Charting and	5 ·
	documentation requirements.	
	 CT head (brain, sella turcica, ventricles, etc.) with & withou 	t
	contrast, cranio-facial deformities, trauma, circulu	
	ateriosis cerebri (circle of Willis), seizure , thalamus and	
	hypothalamus,pituitary gland,rule out metastasis,multiple	
	sclerosis , pineal gland ,optic nerve opthalmic artery and	
	retinal vein Maxillofacial, (orbits, nasal bones, facial bones	5
	tempromandibular joints, etc.), facial bones for trauma	*1
	paranasal sinuses ,temporal bone (internal auditory canals posterior fossa, base of skull, etc.) Spiral/helical head with	-
	or without contrast,neck (nasopharynx, larynx, parotic	
	glands, etc.) with or without contrast,neck (spine	
	submandibular glands, vascular structures, etc.) with	
	contrast ,neck for thyroid and parathyroid gland	
	Stereotaxis Spiral/helical neck Others as determined by	
	program and clinical faculty	

UNIT II	Chest & Spine Region
	 Thorax with & without contrast, mediastinal structures (with or without contrast), (bone windows), (lung windows), aortic dissection, pulmonary embolism, sternum, thymus gland, (thoracic lymph nodes) disease staging, (trauma) Spiral/helical, cervical spine, thoracic spine, lumbar spine, spine (cervical, thoracic or lumbar) postmyelogram, spine (trauma) Spiral/helical, spine upper extremity, lower extremity
UNIT III	Abdomen Region
	 Abdomen with & without contrast ,pancreas ,liver , renal system ,adrenal glands ,aortic dissection , abdomen for vascular structures,spleen,gastrointestinal system ,gallbladder ,suspected appendicitis , abdominal lymph nodes (disease staging) ,metastasis ,abdomen (trauma) Spiral/helical abdomen

Semester 3

	Paper -3	
Course Code	Title	Credits
UGMITC302	CROSS SECTIONAL ANATOMY MINOR	3
Unit I	 Head and Brain Cross sectional anatomy of the brain Fissures (sulci), Longitudinal cerebral , Lateral (Sylvian) , Central (of Rolando) , Convolutions (gyri), Precentral , Postcentral Sinuses 	
	 Frontal, Maxillary, Ethmoidal, Sphenoidal, Facial bones Mandible -Maxillae , Zygomas, Nasal bones Facial muscles- Orbicularis oculi , Orbicularis oris , Masseter 	
	 Cranial bones -Frontal, Ethmoid , Nasal conchae (turbinates) Nasal septum , Parietal , Sphenoid Lobes of the brain and midline cerebral hemisphere structures Frontal, Parietal , Occipital , Temporal 	
	 Brainstem -Diencephalon, Thalamus , Hypothalamus, Optic chiasm , Optic tracts , Pituitary gland , Mammillary bodies Pineal gland , Midbrain, Pons , Medulla oblongata , Spinal cord 	
	 Cranial nerves -Olfactory, Optic, Occulomotor, Trochlear. Trigeminal, Abducens, Facial, Vestibulocochlear, Glossopharyn geal Vagus, Accessory, Hypoglossal. 	
	 Meninges -Dura mater, Arachnoid, Pia mater Arteries (Circle of Willis)Basilar, Internal carotid, Anterior and posterior communicating, Anterior and posterior cerebral, Middle cerebral 	
	 Veins -Venous sinuses, Internal jugular Ventricular system Lateral vertricles (anterior, body, posterior, inferior or temporal and trigone or antrium), Interventricular foramen (of Monro), Third ventricle Choroid plexus. Veins -Venous sinuses, Internal jugular 	

Ventricular system Lateral vertricles (anterior, body, posterior, inferior or temporal and trigone or antrium), Interventricular foramen (of Monro), Third ventricle
Choroid plexus.

Unit II

Cross-sectional anatomy of tissues, Visceral organs, Muscles, Ligaments, Bone & joints of Chest & Mediastinum, Musculoskeletal system of upper extremity

- Neck Bones, Cervical vertebrae
 Organs -Pharynx, Larynx , Esophagus, Trachea , Salivary glands
 Thyroid gland , Parathyroid glands , Lymph nodes.
- Chest and mediastinum
 Bony thorax -Thoracic vertebrae, Sternum, Ribs , Costal cartilages

Bony thorax -Inoracic vertebrae, Sternum, Ribs , Costai cartilages

Pulmonary-Apices (lung), Diaphragm, Angles, Hilum, Lobes (lungs), Trachea, Carina, Primary (mainstem) bronchi, Secondary bronchi Mediastinum - Thymus gland, Heart, Aortic arch, Branches of the aortic arch, Descending (thoracic) aorta, Inferior vena cava, Esophagus, Trachea, Thoracic duct, Lymph nodes

- Musculoskeletal Upper extremities Shoulder, Bony anatomy Clavicle, Scapula, Humerus, Acromioclavicular joint, Muscles and tendons - Deltoid, Supraspinatus, Infraspinatus, Teres minor, Subscapularis, Supraspinatus tendon, Biceps tendon
- Elbow Bony anatomy, Humerus, Radius, Ulnar, Muscles and tendons .Anterior group ,Posterior group, Lateral group, Medial group ,Ligaments ,Ulnar collateral, Radial collateral, Annular Neurovasculature ,Brachial artery ,Radial artery, Ulnar artery, Basilic vein ,Cephalic vein ,Median cubital vein, Ulnar nerve, Hand and wrist, Bony anatomy, Carpal bones, Radius ,Ulnar
- Tendons Palmar tendon group, Dorsal tendon group, Triangular fibrocartilage complex, Neurovascular, Ulnar artery, Ulnar nerve, Radial artery, Median nerve.

Unit III Cross sectional anatomy of Lower extremity, Abdomen & reproductive system

- Lower Extremities
- Hip Bony anatomy ,Labrum and ligaments,Muscle groups Neurovasculature

Knee - Bony anatomy, Menisci and ligaments, Muscle, Vasculature, Foot and Ankle, Bony anatomy, Ligaments, Tendons Muscles

- Abdominal organs and structures
 Bony structures Lumbar vertebrae
 Abdominal cavity, Peritoneum, Pertioneal space Retroperitoneum-Retroperitoneal space
 Liver , Gallbladder and biliary system, Pancreas and pancreatic ducts, Spleen, Adrenal glands , Urinary system and tract, Kidneys , Ureters , Stomach , Small intestine, Colon
- Pelvic organs -Urinary bladder,. Ureter,Urethra
 Small intestine-Terminal ilium and iliocecal valve,
 Colon-Ascending ,Transverse, Descending , Sigmoid,Rectum.
 Veriform appendix
 Female reproductive organs Vagina ,Cervix , Uterus ,Ovaries.
 Males reproductive organs -Penis, Testes, Prostate gland, Seminal vesicles

S.Y.BSc. Medical Imaging technology

	Paper 3 Generic	
Course	Title	Credits
Code		
UGMITGE3	SOFTSKILLS	2
03		
Unit I	ASSERTIVE COMMUNICATION & BOOK ANALYSIS	
	 Email Etiquettes- Drafting precise emails, leveraging polite and relevant vocabulary and mentioning concise subjects. Assertive Communication- Consequences of passive and aggressive comm, learning Assertive to take a polite stand for self, vocabulary and phrases that are regularly used while communication assertively. 	
	 Book Analysis Project- Students to choose a book from the list of selected genre, read and update the summary weekly, prepare a 5-6 slide ppt and present his/her over all understanding 	
Unit II	EMOTIONAL QUOTIENT	
	 Basic Emotions (Intro to all human emotions like happy, sad, anger, insecurity etc) a human goes through, their effect on our thought process. Consequences of being over and under emotional. (explaining mind over matter concept, discussing some case studies related to the topic, IQ vs EQ Rational Thinking vs Emotional Thinking (results of practical thinking, emotional thinking, balanced thinking, some case studies) Movie Analysis project (Students to choose a movie from the list of 	
	selected genre, watch with a research perspective, summarize it, add his/her views into it and prepare a 5-6 slide ppt and present his/her over all understanding.	
Unit III	SELF-LEADERSHIP SKILLS	
	 Productivity Management (Managing ourselves along with the time, Big rock Theory, ABCDE method, urgent vs imp, setting priorities and posterior ties, confronting procrastination) Making smarter goals (Vision, weekly and daily plans in writing, discussing case studies of visionary people through an assignment. Personal Effectiveness at work place. (Some minor yet significant elements required like physical 	

appearance, way of talking, working, introducing self and others, coming across challenges at work place, looking into employability skills) Research Project (students to cover a clinic or lab, identify a challenge they have had recently gone through and share how did they solve it- through a written project)

Paper IV – Basic Techniques in Hospital Management <mark>SE</mark>		
UGMITSEC	Title	Credits
304		
		2
Unit I	Principles of Hospital Management	
	Basic Principles of Hospital management	
	Functions of management	
	Planning and staffing of management	
Unit II	Structure and Services of Hospital	
	Hospital Departmental hierarchical Structure	
	Laboratory and Radiology services	
	Blood bank and Pharmacy services	
	Ambulance and Medical Records	
Unit III	Clinical and Non-clinical Services in Organization	
	OPD and IPD (Wards)	
	Operation Theatres, ICU, Cathlab	
	Dialysis units, Endoscopy, Emergency	
	Pharmacy, Housekeeping, Accounts and supply chain	
	management	

	Paper -5	
CourseCode	Title - MS-OFFICE	Credits
UGMITSEC405		2
Unit I	I: MS WORD	
	Introduction to Microsoft Word	
	Overview of Microsoft Word interface	
	Creating a new document	
	 Opening, saving, and closing documents 	
	 Understanding the Ribbon and Tabs 	
	 Customizing the Quick Access Toolbar 	
	Basic Text Formatting	
	Font formatting (size, style, color)	
	Paragraph formatting (alignment, indentation, spacing) Different and growth aring	
	Bullets and numbering Using a triangle for a project of the second in a	
	 Using styles for consistent formatting 	
	Document Layout and Design	
	 Page setup (margins, orientation, size) 	
	 Headers and footers 	
	 Page numbering 	
	 Columns and section breaks 	
	Working with Tables	
	 Creating and formatting tables 	
	 Inserting and deleting rows and columns 	
	 Merging and splitting cells 	
	 Sorting and filtering data in tables 	
Unit II	MS EXCEL	
	Create Worksheets and Workbooks	
	Creating new workbooks	
	Saving workbooks	
	Closing workbooks	
	Opening workbooks	
	Selecting cells	
	Import data	
	 Add a worksheet to an existing workbook 	
	Copy and move a worksheet	
	Navigate in Worksheets and Workbooks	
	Search for data within a workbook	
	 Navigate to a named cell, range, or workbook element 	

Insert and remove hyperlinks

Format Worksheets and Workbooks

- Hide or unhide worksheets
- Hide or unhide rows and columns
- Customize the Quick Access toolbar
- Modify document properties
- Display formulas

Apply Custom Data Formats and Validation

- Create custom number formats
- Configure data validation

Apply Advanced Conditional Formatting

- Create custom conditional formatting rules
- Create conditional formatting rules that use formulas
- Manage conditional formatting rules

Data Filtering

- Using AutoFilters
- Applying a custom AutoFilter
- Creating advanced filters
- Applying multiple criteria
- Using complex criteria
- Copying filtered results to a new location
- Using database functions

Unit III

PowerPoint Presentation

Create and Manage Presentations

- Create a Presentation
- Insert and Format Slides
- Modify Slides, Handouts, and Notes
- Change Presentation Options and Views
- Configure a Presentation for Print
- Configure and Present a Slide Show

Insert and Format Text, Shapes, and Images

- Insert and Format Text
- Insert and Format Shapes and Text Boxes
- Insert and Format Images
- Order and Group Objects

S.Y.BSc. Medical Imaging technology PRACTICAL - SEM 3

UGMITCP301A	COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHY TECHNOLOGY-1	1
	Identification of components of CT scan & note the functions Demonstrate patient positioning of different studies Case studies	
UGMITCP301B	PATIENT POSITIONING & PROTOCOLS-1	1
	Patient Positioning & protocols of Head, Neck & Thorax scans Patient Positioning & protocols of Spine & musculoskeletal scans Patient Positioning & protocols of Abdomen & Pelvis scans	
UGMITCP302	CROSS SECTIONAL ANATOMY	
	Locate each anatomical structure of the Head, Neck, Thorax, Musuloskeletal, Spine, Abdomen & Pelvis region.	
	Identification anatomy of transverse axial, coronal, sagittal and oblique planes & note the functions.	

SEMESTER IV

Medical Imaging Technology

Semester 4

Paper I				
Course Code	Title	Credits		
UGMITC401A	CT TECHNOLOGY-2 <mark>MAJOR</mark>	3		
Unit I	 Image Processing & Artifacts in CT Pixel, Matrix, Voxel, x, y, z coordinates ,Scan field of view (sfov) ,Display field of view, Linear attenuation coefficient,T/Hounsfield number.Window width (ww) and window level (wl) ,Spatial resolution, Contrast resolution, Noise, Aliasing, Digital imaging, Annotation ,Scanogram, Region of interest (ROI), Standard vs. volumetric data acquisition ,Half-scan, full-scan, overscan Interscan delay ,Rays and views, 			
	 Image reconstruction CT computer, Minicomputer and microprocessors, Array processors Back-projection Filtered back-projection (convolution), Fourier reconstruction, 3-D Interpolation Image reformation, Image smoothing, Edge enhancement Gray-scale manipulation , Three-dimensional processing, Stereotaxis, Radiation oncology treatment planning. 			
	 Recording - Film, Multiformat cameras, Laser cameras Archiving - Tapes, Disks, Laser and optical Patient Based Artifacts, Scanner Based Artifacts, Helical & Multisection artifacts, Digital artifacts. 			
Unit II	Pharmacology Contrast Media Diagnosis Differentiation Allergies Disease processes Modes of administration Intravenous			

Oral

Rectal

Chemical Properties

Intravenous -Ionic ,Dimers ,Monomers

Nonionic -Dimers , Monomers

Oral- Barium-based, Iodine-based, Other, Rectal

Common Drugs

Antianxiety

Sedatives

Pain relief

Antispasmodics

Other

Drug Dose Calculations

Adults

Children

Reactions

Types

Mild

Moderate

Severe

Contrast media reaction treatment

Unit III Clinical Integration & Interpretation of CT Reports

Head, neck, face

Normal CT head & neck, Brain tb ,meningitis,Meningioma, Skull vault osteoma, Sturge-Weber syndrome,lobar intracerebral hemorrhage,Neck ,angiogram(with & without contrast),Neck lipoma,Cervical spine,degenerative changes.

Trunk & chest

Vertebral compression fracture, Spondylodiscitis - dorsal spine,Pulmonary tuberculosis,Cardiac arrest (CT)

Abdomen, pelvis

Acute pancreatitis, Extraperitoneal bladder rupture, Small bowel obstruction, COVID-19 pneumonia. Crohn's disease. Acute appendicitis

Upper & Lower extremity

Shoulder dislocation, fracture of humerus, radial head fracture, Ulna fracture, isolated ulna shaft fracture, Distal radius & ulna fractures ,gangrene leg, osteoporosis, Fracture and dislocation of hipbone (acetabulum)

Paper 1 [U <mark>THEORY)</mark>	GMITC40	1] : CT TECHNOLOGY -2	(<mark>MAJOF</mark>	₹
Course Code	Unit	Paper-1 Topics	Credits	L/week
UGMITC401A	I	Image Processing & Artifacts in CT	3	3
	II	Basic Pharmacology in CT	_	
	III	Clinical Integration & Interpretation		
JGMITC401B		Paper -2 Patient Positioning & Protocols -2 [MAJOR THEORY]		
	I	Patient positioning Upper & lower extremity Region		
	II	Patient Positioning & Protocols Reproductive region	-3	3
	III	CT guided Procedure Protocols		
	Paper 3	 	OR THEORY]
UGMITC402	I	ECG	3	3
	II	Ultrasound		
	Ш	Communicable & Non-communicable diseases		
Pa	per 4: [U(GMITGE403] GE PATIENT CARE TECHNIQUES		
UGMITGE403	 	Basics of patients care	2	2
	II	Bed side care of patient		
	II	Geriatric disease management		
Papei HOSPIT		MIT <mark>SEC</mark> -404]:ADVANCE TECHNIQUES IN GEMENT [<mark>THEORY</mark>]		
UGMITSEC404	1	Human Resource Management	2	2
	II	Principles of Material Management		
	III	Principles of Quality Management		
JGMITAEC405]:		PAPER 6 [UGMITAEC305]: MS OFFICE-2 [THEORY]		
	I	INTRODUCTION TO MS-OFFICE	2	2
	II	BASIC OF MS EXCEL		
	Ш	BASIC OF MS POWERPOINT		

		Semester 4 Practical		
UGMITCP401A	MAJOR	Image processing & interpretation of various CT studies	1	1
UGMITCP401B	MAJOR	Patient preparation & Protocols	1	1
UGMITCP402	MINOR	E.C.G & USG assistant techniques & patient preparation & equipment functions.	1	1
UGMITGE403	GE	PATIENT CARE TECHNIQUES	1	1
INTERNSHIP				
	ECG & USG Assistant technology Expertise		2	2

COURSE CODE	TITLE Paper-2	CREDITS
UGMITC401B	PATIENT POSITIONING & PROTOCOLS-2	3
Unit I	UPPER EXTREMITY & LOWER EXTREMITY	
	 Indications for each protocol, Contraindications for each protocol, Indications for contrast media` Types of contrast media, Contraindications for contrast media, Informed consent requirements, Patient preparation and postprocedure instructions 	
	 Protocol parameters ,Range,. Azimuth ,. Anatomical landmarks,Patient orientation, Patient position ,Scout image parameters, Scan field of view ,Display field of view. 	
	 Mode ,Algorithm , Gantry angle,Technical factor selection, Range, Table indexing, Z-axis selection , Window level, Window width , Matrix size,Image annotation parameters ,Imaging planes, Spiral/helical application ,Filming format , Image archiving ,Identification of pathology , Charting and documentation requirements. 	
	 Upper extremity, lower extremity, soft tissue extremity, pelvic girdle, extremity (trauma) 	
UNIT II	 Reproductive Region CT pelvis without contrast ,pelvis for female genitourinary system, pelvis for male genitourinary system ,pelvimetry ,scrotum Spiral/helical pelvis ,lower extremity,soft tissue extremity, pelvic girdle , extremity (trauma) 	

UNIT III	Procedure Protocols
	 Indications for each protocol
	Contraindications for each protocol
	Indications for contrast media
	Contraindications for contrast media
	Informed consent requirements
	Patient preparation and postprocedure instructions

	Paper -3	
Cours	Title	Credits
eCod		
е		
UGMITC402		3
	DISEASES MINOR	
Unit I	ECG techniques	
	 Description of machine types, Description of paper, Description of jelly, Technique of ECG recording, Energy source and electrical disturbances ECG on pacemaker patient. Determination of heart beats, ECG abnormalities, Demonstration of recording of paper loading Demonstration of patient Demonstration of cable connection, Demonstration of earthing of ECG equipment, Demonstration of pacemaker patient ECG recording, Demonstration of application of loads other than 12 leads Interpretation of normal and abnormal ECG 	
Unit II	 USG Assistant USG Physics,Reflection,scattering, Components of machine,Spatial Resolution, Temporal Resolution Contrast Resolution Usg safety,Usg obstretics,USG Pelvis,USG breast,USG abdomen,USG of musculoskeletal system.PCPNDT rules & regulations. 	

Unit III	Communicable & Non- communicable Diseases
	• Chicken pox, Common cold, Conjunctivitis, Hepatitis-
	A,B,C,HIV,Influenza (flu),Meningitis,Pneumonia,SARS (severe acute respiratory syndrome),Tuberculosis,
	 Diabetes-Type-1,type-2,Cardiovasculardisease,Cerebrovascular disease,Common cancers-cervical,breast & oral.

Paper -4		
CourseCode	Title	Credits
UGMITC403	PATIENT CARE TECHNIQUES	2
Unit I	BASICS OF PATIENT CARE	
	 Introduction to health HB defination, influencing aspects and factors Hospital setups information :healthcare services, hospitals, hospital team, medical practice in india Care giver for elderly definition : role & responsibilities, qualities of art of caring, Tools and equipment : thermometer, pulse-oximeter, BP machine, wheel chair, surgical bed, linen. 	
Unit II	BED SIDE CARE OF PATIENT Patient grooming: cleaning(bathing, hair, eyes, ears,using hearing aid, visual aid,) First Aid: Cardiac arrest, bleeding, shock, unconsciousness, choking, eletric shock, burns, fracture. Bed making(types of bed) nutrition (nutrient, diet plan, types and methods of feeds, medication (forms, routes of	

	administration,documents of medication) elimination (devices, enema) vital signs and physical strength
Unit III	GERIATRIC PATIENT CARE
	 Disease overview, disorders(communicable , non communicable, cancer)
	prevention of injury - common accident
	 laws and policies - national law, rights of elder
	 care of care giver -time management, personal hygiene, dealing
	aggression of patient,
	career growth of care giver

SY.BSc. Imaging Technology

Semester 4

	Paper 5	
Course	Title	Credit
Code		
UGMITSEC404	Advance Technique In Hospital	2
	Management	
Unit I	Human Resource Management	
	Training and development	
	Recruitment and selection	
Unit II	Principles of Material Management	
	Basic Concept of Material Management	
	Purchasing, Inventory, Store Records	
Unit III	1 Principles of Quality Management	
Ollit III	1.Principles of Quality Management	
	Quality Assurance and Quality Control	

Accreditation and Audit ISO, NABL, NABH	
Project Work [ppt]: Educational News, New Innovations in Medical	
Science.	

	Paper -6	
CourseCode	Title - MS- OFFICE-2	Credits
UGMITAEC405 UNIT I	Avdance MS WORD	2
	Inserting and Editing Graphics	
	Adding images and shapes	
	Adjusting image layout and text wrapping	
	SmartArt and WordArt	
	Collaboration and Review Tools	
	Track Changes and Comments	
	Sharing and collaborating on documents	
	Mail Merge	
	Creating a mail merge document	
	Using data sources	

	Previewing and completing a mail merge	
	Advanced Formatting and Styles	
	Advanced formatting options	
	Creating and modifying styles	
	Table of Contents and Index	
	Protecting documents with passwords	
Unit II	Advance Excel	
	Create and Manage Tables	
	Create an Excel table from a cell range	
	Convert a table to a cell range	
	Add or remove table rows and columns	
	Manage Table Styles and Options	
	Apply styles to tables	
	Configure table-style options	
	Insert total rows	
	Filter and Sort a Table	
	Filter records	
	Sort data by multiple columns	
	Change sort order	
	Remove duplicate records	
	Create Charts and Objects	
	Create a new chart	
	Add additional data series	
	Switch between rows and columns in the source data	
	Analyze data	
	Resize charts	
	Add and modify chart elements	
	Apply chart layouts and styles	
	Move charts to a chart sheet	
	Insert text boxes and shapes	
	Insert images	
	Format charts	
	Create Advanced Formulas	
	Look up data by using Functions	
Unit III	Advance Power-point	
	Insert Tables, Charts, SmartArt, and Media	
	Insert and Format Tables	
	Insert and Format Charts	
	Insert and Format SmartArt graphics	
	Insert and Manage Media	
	7	

Apply Transitions and Animations	
Apply Slide Transitions	
Animate Slide Content	
Set Timing for Transitions and Animations	

Medical Imaging technology NEP-2020 PRACTICAL - SEMESTER-4

References:

- 1. iTransform Handbook on Anatomy, Physiology Jaypee brothers
- 2. iTransform Handbook on Foundation Program
- 3. iTransform Handbook on Medical Terminologies
- 4. iTransform Handbook on Imaging technician handbook

UGMITCP401A	COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHY TECHNOLOGY-2	1
	Image processing Identification & note the uses of drugs in CT Case studies	
UGMITCP401B	PATIENT POSITIONING & PROTOCOLS-2 consent requirements Patient preparation and postprocedure instructions	1
UGMITCP402	DIAGNOSTIC INVESTIGATION & DISEASE ECG machine techniques USG machine components Case studies of Communicable & Non-Communicable diseases	1
UGMITGE403	PATIENT CARE TECHNIQUES Tools and equipment Prevention from patient injuries	1

- 5. Clark Positioning Book for radiographers
- 6. Bhargava book for residents & technologist.
- 7. Procedures book Bhushan Lakkhar

18C.00

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